Managing the risks of evaluating crime prevention interventions using the 5ls framework

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Failure mode analysis

Rosenbaum 1986 – negative or

inconclusive results? Could be:

-Theory failure

-Programme/ Implementation failure

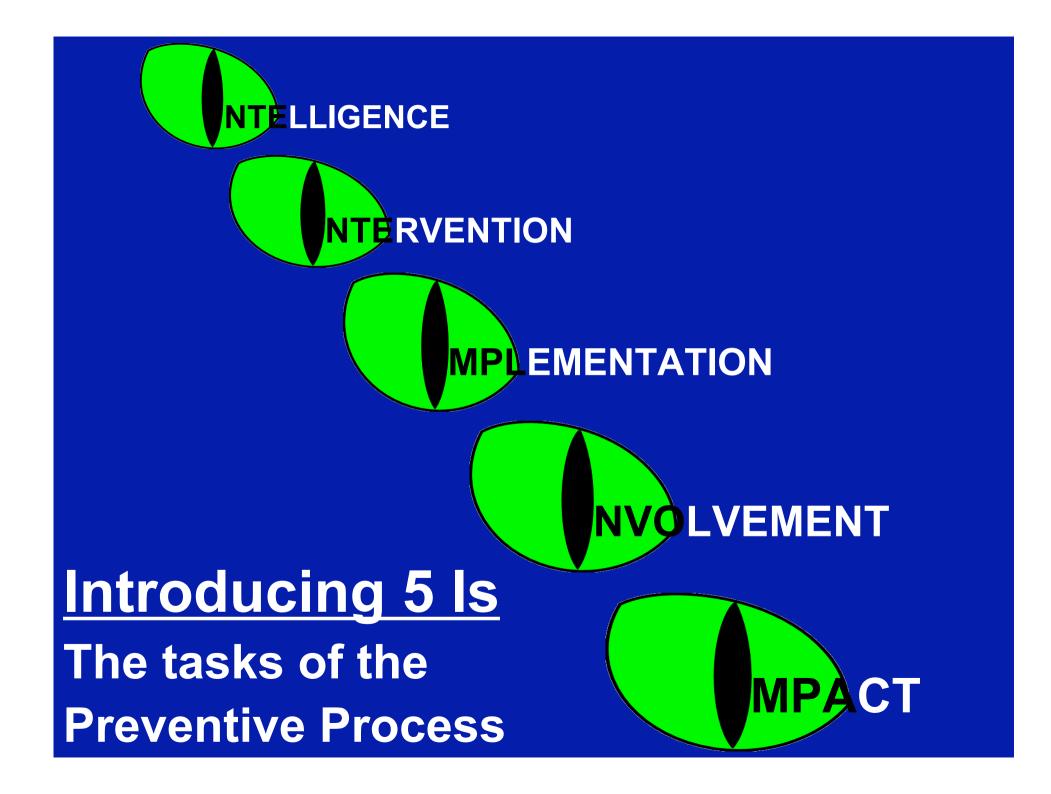
–Measurement/ Evaluation failure

20 years on...

and many failures (and successes) later...

- Can we improve upon Rosenbaum to learn better from failures and feed back the lessons?
- Can we turn feed **back** into feed **forward** turn a post-mortem perspective into prospective risk-management perspective?
- Can we combine analysis of risks with analysis of (research and evaluation) opportunities?
- Chance arose with my arrival at CSM just received JDI's evaluation of the pilot Grippa project, and trying to understand both measurement failure and implementation failure issues

Building on Rosenbaum



5ls – designed to capture knowledge of good practice in crime prevention

- Reflects understanding of nature of knowledge in crime prevention, and concern to avoid implementation failure particularly
 - Preventive action is complex
 - Structure of preventive action is multi-level practical methods work by several causal mechanisms/ generic intervention principles
 - Preventive action involves several distinct kinds of activity
 - Replication is challenging
 - Context dependent replication more like innovation
 - Needs practitioners to follow intelligent process not cookbook copying

5Is Builds on SARA

- Scanning and
- Analysis for Intelligence
- Response through Intervention,
 Implementation and Involvement
- Assessment of Impact

But is more detailed, more structured

If no structure...



5Is and SARA

SARA	5/s	
Scanning	Intelligence	
 Analysis 	Intervention	
Response	Implementation	
	Involvement	
Assessment	Impact	

5Is detailed structure

5/s

	Intolligonoo		CLAIMED	
•	Intelligence		 <u>Clarify</u> CP task/role to perform 	
•	Intervention	Involvement	Locate agent/institution to take	
•	Implementation	Partnership	responsibility for implementing or supporting intervention	
•	Involvement	Mobilisation	 <u>A</u>lert & <u>Inform</u> them of crime problem and their part in 	
•	Impact	Climate setting	causation/prevention	
	mpaor		• <u>M</u> otivate	
			• <u>E</u> mpower	

• Direct

Applications for 5ls framework

- Capturing good practice information
- Synthesis of principles and theories
- Framework and source for toolkits and training
- Supporting gap analyses for research, and strategic overviews for policy and delivery
- Prospective business-planning/appraising tool, for project development and implementation -'playback' beside 'record'
- Then why not try: Failure-mode analysis at each 'I'... and each subsidiary task of each I?

5ls – failure mode analysis

It's simple really...

- What went wrong at each of the steps of 5Is?
- At each of the subheads?
- With each detailed process?
- How can it be fixed next time?
 - Process
 - Infrastructure training, guidance, info, support, £££

All Bar One – failure mode analysis 1

Intelligence

- ✓ Selected plentiful crime problem to tackle
- ✓ Selected right bars to trial in terms of crime rates etc

Intervention

✓ Clear principles/mechanisms and practical methods

Implementation

- Compromises meant Grippas not always fitted to furniture in best way
- **×** Grippas not always located where risk highest in bar
- x Grippas not always right size/shape for bags
- Chairs with anti-theft features not produced or installed
- Publicity downgraded at management insistence customers failed to notice Grippas [vital intermediate outcome]

All Bar One – failure mode analysis 2

Involvement

- ✓ Secured collaboration of top management
- ✓ Branch bar and management supportive and motivated.....but
- Difficulty securing complete collaboration of middle management to carry out/permit all planned CP tasks, including site selection, intensity and timing of intervention
- **×** Failure to communicate costings
- * High staff turnover reduced degree they were alerted, motivated, empowered to act as preventers and to collaborate on evaluation measures

All Bar One – failure mode analysis 3

Impact

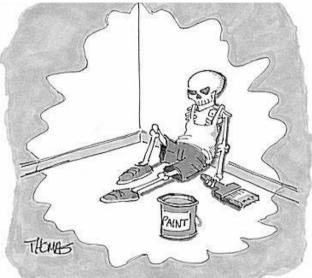
- Delay in implementation led to short after-period of measurement, reducing stats power
- * Too few evaluation sites from start vulnerable to attrition, and to local history/random fluctuation
- And events did prove unkind one action site did drop out, timing driven by blip in other action site – confounded measurement with Reg to Mean

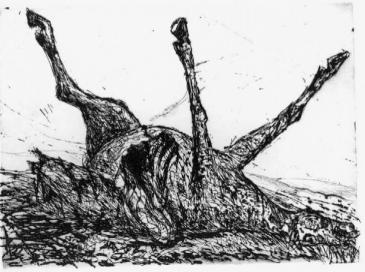
What a load of failures ... surgically dissected

- Mitigating circumstances
 - Testing products for crime impact = unfamiliar area
 - Possibility of evaluation only arose late in day opportunistic, low-cost, little scope for planning

Strategic lessons

- Don't paint into corner of limited manoeuvrability
- Establish firm agreements with commercial partners
- Ensure decisions and actions are in sensible sequence and in step
- Build in resilience eg through redundancy
- Consider break points if action fails at implementation stage, is it worth proceeding to full impact measurement – flogging a dead horse?
- Devise procedures for managing risks including CRITICS – actively face up to them share decisions with partners
- Use them also to assess, then seize opportunities!





Risk assessment

- Identify event with possible implications for...
 - Implementation
 - Evaluation
- Break down Implications for Implementation and evaluation by each of the 5Is
 - Positive as well as negative considered
- Suggest and consider preventive and mitigative actions
- Take risk decision (ignore, monitor, avoid, mitigate, embrace) and set in motion any actions

Risk assessment protocol

Event: What if Clips marketed independently of evaluation, at some point before evaluation after-period is complete?

9) F	Risk assessment	t Grippa #1 for ECCA					
	A	B	С	D			
1	Risk assessment fo	r Grippa evaluation #1 6/10/06		-			
2							
3	Event (details below): Clips marketed independently of evaluation, at some point before evaluation after-period is complete .						
5	Stage	Threat/consequence	Prevention	Mitigation			
6		L louis concerns for louis station of					
7		I> denotes consequence for Implementation of project					
/ 8		broloor					
-		E> denotes consequence for impact Evaluation of					
9		project					
10							
	Intelligence	Might commercial considerations restrict info retailers are willing to supply?					
11	l ili						
12	jeno	I> Poorer design					
-	ö	E> less efficient selection of sites, info for design					
		requirements capture					
13	F						
14	Intervention						
15	In	IPR issues?					
	p le	>I designers unwilling to participate?					
16	Imp lementation	>E?					
17	Involvem	Alerting of retailers (senior mgt, local mgt, staff) to grips					
10	Vel	I> boost involvement hence level/quality of					

Where to find information on 5ls and CCO

www.designagainstcrime.com/web/crimeframeworks

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